

Guidebook for University Academic Program Review

An electronic version of this guidebook as well as other information about Academic Program Review can be found on the program review website at http://pres.depaul.edu/aprc.

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I. INTRODUCTION

Welcome to DePaul University's academic program review (APR) process. This guidebook is designed to provide information about the purpose and process of APR. Although APR is a requirement for maintaining accreditation with Higher Learning Commission, the two-year process we have developed is designed for units to evaluate and study all aspects of their academic programs, including curricular, co-curricular, and extra-curricular elements, with the goal of identifying activities and resource priorities that the units believe will lead to academic program improvement.

II. PURPOSE

DePaul University's Academic Program Review process is a reflective and analytical process. Its purpose is:

to promote the 1) the continuous quality improvement of 2) academic programs and the larger University through a process that is 3) responsive to the mission, 4) faculty-driven, 5) focused, 6) collegial, 7) data-based, 8) contextual, and 9) adaptive, and that results in 10) an accountable plan of action (MOU).

Each component is discussed below:

- (1) Continuous quality improvement: The improvement of overall academic quality is an ongoing objective. The intent of APR is to support each unit in developing and maintaining its own continuous, naturally embedded system of academic program review. Within such a system, periodic academic program review serves as an opportunity to consider globally the strengths and challenges of the unit.
- (2) Individual academic programs and the larger University: Quality is systemic. While APR originates at the program level, the analysis expands to incorporate activities and support services at the school/college and University levels. In addition, multiple related units are scheduled for review per cycle with an emphasis on increasing interaction and reflection between and among units.
- (3) Responsive to the mission: APR is contextualized within DePaul's Vincentian mission, university learning goals, and strategic plan. APR seeks to enhance learning in a unit and among units and to further the evolution of a university culture characterized by ongoing institutional self-analysis that leads to continual program improvement.
- (4) Faculty-driven: Faculty are responsible for the curriculum; therefore, APR is a faculty responsibility. The Academic Program Review Committee (APRC) is comprised of faculty from across the University. It is formed by the Faculty Council and charged to oversee the APR process. The APR process also requires units to form faculty-appointed self-study committee.
- (5) **Focused:** APR is conducted in a 2-year timeframe. Each unit identifies important issues during the first year or planning stage of APR, addresses those issues required by the process, and

reports accordingly to the APRC, unit faculty, Dean, and Provost. APR requires meaningful reflection that focuses on areas identified by the unit's faculty as well as areas across units that the APRC identifies. Complete re-justification of programs and the production of lengthy reports are *not* APR goals.

- (6) Collegial: APR seeks to support and sustain conversations among university constituents that lead to identifying and analyzing a unit's strengths and areas for improvement. Initially, these conversations are unit and college-based; however, as the process moves forward, they also involve perspectives from faculty colleagues across the University (i.e., the Academic Program Review Committee [APRC], Office for Teaching, Learning, and Assessment [TLA], Institutional Research and Market Analytics [IRMA], and Office of Academic Business Management), and beyond the university (external reviewers), as well as those of academic administrators. A unit's APR documents support the conversations but are not ends in themselves. By including multiple perspectives, APR promotes university-wide understanding of the varied disciplinary and professional languages and norms that comprise the University. In addition, APR stimulates a culture of continuous reflection, internal research, and collegial accountability that is both program-based and university-wide.
- (7) **Data-based:** APR facilitates plans of action supported by analyzed data. The APRC, in conjunction with IRMA, supports internal research. IRMA continually refines the University's academic information systems to support decision-making at the unit, school/college, and university levels. As much as possible, claims made at all levels of the process and by all voices are to be supported by data.
- (8) Contextual: APR, through the APRC, encourages a cross-discipline/cross-profession dialogue and accountability for the University's curricular programs as a whole. The APR process combines the strengths of *internal* review, best understood within the context of DePaul's mission and array of programs, with *external* discipline-specific review, ensuring that academic programs represent current practice within the discipline.
- (9) Adaptive: APR is dynamic, reflective, and evolving. To this end, the overall purpose of continuous improvement is paramount while the specific features of the process may be modified as needed for any individual unit to ensure the purpose is met.
- (10) Accountable plan of action: The purpose of APR is to identify initiatives for improving academic quality, i.e., initiatives supported by both data and broad-based understanding. To this end, APR results in a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between the program, the school/college, and the University. This document outlines agreed-upon courses of action that the unit will take over one to five years to improve academic quality. It also identifies resource support priorities for academic improvement.

III. SCOPE

All graduate and undergraduate degree granting programs, general education, and all certificate programs within academic units are reviewed during each APR megacycle.

APR does not include Centers and Institutes unless those Centers or Institutes have credit-generating academic missions and impacts, in which case the review is linked with its academic unit. Similarly, units whose academic endeavors are supported by Centers/Institutes housed in the units or closely connected with them will identify how those Centers/Institutes support effective teaching and learning, as well as faculty and student scholarship and creative activities.

APR does not include support units within academic affairs. These units are reviewed as part of the annual performance reviews and through their annual reports. Faculty review the adequacy of the support provided by these units as part of APR.

IV. PROCESS

MEGACYCLE III (2017-2028)

An APR megacycle includes all colleges/schools, Liberal Studies, and centers/institutes that meet the criteria for program review. The current megacycle—Megacycle III—consists of 10 two-year cycles:

Cycle 1 (2017-2019): College of Liberal Arts & Social Sciences (LAS) Humanities Programs

<u>Cycle 2</u> (2018-2020): **School for New Learning** (Graduate and Undergraduate) and **College of Computing & Digital Media**

 $\underline{Cycle\ 3}$ (2019-2021): College of Science & Health (CSH) Natural Sciences, Health Science, and Mathematics Programs

 $\underline{Cycle\ 4}$ (2020-2022): **Driehaus College of Business** (Undergrad and KGSB) and **Cross-College Programs**

Cycle 5 (2021-2023): LAS Interdisciplinary Programs

<u>Cycle 6</u> (2022-2024): **College of Education** (Undergraduate and Graduate), **School of Music**, and **The Theatre School**

<u>Cycle 7</u> (2023-2025): **Liberal Studies Programs** (including Honors)

<u>Cycle 8</u> (2024-2026): College of Law, College of Communication, CSH School of Nursing, and CSH Department of Psychology

Cycle 9 (2025-2027): LAS Master's of Social Work, LAS Social Sciences, and LAS School of Public Service

<u>Cycle 10</u> (2026-2027): HLC-NCA Preparation and Review and Revision of APR and Annual Assessment of Student Learning (AASL) Processes

KEY PARTICIPANTS: APR includes the following constituencies (a schematic organizer of key participants is in Appendix A):

Academic Program Review Committee (APRC): The APRC oversees the APR process. The committee is made up of faculty members from each of the University's colleges and schools. They are appointed by Faculty Council and serve three-year terms. The Committee meets quarterly during the academic year and may from time to time call an executive session of its faculty members.

APRC Director/Chair: The APR Director coordinates the APR process and serves as Chair of the APRC. The Director/Chair is a faculty member who has served on the APRC and is appointed by the Provost in consultation with the members of the APRC and Faculty Council. The Director/Chair reports both to the Faculty Council and to the Office of Academic Affairs.

APRC Ex-Officio members: In addition to its faculty representatives, the APRC also includes nonvoting ex-officio members from the following offices: Academic Affairs, University Libraries, the Office for Teaching, Learning, & Assessment (TLA), and the Office of Institutional Research & Market Analytics (IRMA). Ex-officio members serve as advisors to the committee and do not serve on subcommittees that work directly with units participating in review. Ex-officio members are chosen at the initiative of the APRC Chair in consultation with the APRC and the Associate Provost for Student Success and Accreditation on an ad-hoc basis to advise the APRC and to share information from their offices in support of the review process.

APRC Subcommittee: APRC subcommittees are made up of faculty members and are assigned to support units conducting APR. Subcommittees are responsible for facilitating APR in accordance with the APR Guidebook, assisting units with the processes and procedures of program review, examining and providing feedback to APR documents during APRC meetings.

Office of Academic Affairs: Academic Affairs provides guidance and support for the APR process. The Provost, as chief academic officer, has final authority over all academic programs and is responsible for any university-level commitments in the MOU. The Associate Provost for Student Success and Accreditation is an ex-officio member of the APRC and, along with the APRC Director/Chair, serves throughout the review process as a liaison to the Provost. The Associate Provost also coordinates the external review process, contacting reviewers recommended by the unit. Both the Provost and the Associate Provost sign the MOU, and in so doing recognize the unit's priorities. The research associate in the Office of the Associate Provost provides research support and assists the APRC Director/Chair in facilitating the APR process.

Unit Self-Study Team: A unit's self-study team coordinates the APR process for the unit. Generally 3-5 full-time faculty members (tenured or tenure-track) serve on the team, with one member serving as chair. APRC members may serve on self-study teams but not as chairs. At its discretion, the self-study team may also include part-time faculty, staff, students, and alumni. The team may not be chaired by a faculty member holding administrative appointment within or over the unit faculty unless the unit has reason to request otherwise. The team plans and implements the unit's research plan, prepares the unit's program review documents, and engages in deliberations leading to the Memorandum of Understanding (See Key Steps #1 below).

Unit Department Chair/Program Director: The unit's department chair/program director supports

APR, but the process itself should be conducted by the self-study team to ensure that it is faculty—driven. The self-study team should inform the unit chair/director of its activities and obtain input from the unit chair/director during the process, especially regarding the content of APR documents and the list of potential external reviewers. The unit chair/director will also sign the MOU, and oversee the implementation of the MOU.

Unit Dean: The dean of the unit reviews the unit's research plan and provides input regarding its content prior to its review by the APRC. The dean also provides input, in writing or in person at an APRC meeting, regarding the unit's research report. The dean also meets with the unit and the APRC Director/Chair to initiate the writing of the MOU. Finally, the dean signs the MOU and in doing so recognizes the unit's priorities within the college and will work with the unit to address them as College and University priorities allow.

External Reviewer(s): Units undergoing APR that do not undergo outside accreditation or other external reviews shall, in consultation with the unit chair/director and unit faculty, identify potential external reviewers. The role of the external reviewers is to 1) evaluate the intellectual currency of the academic program, both undergraduate and graduate, and the overall quality of faculty scholarship, and 2) provide consultation on areas of interest and concern that emerge through the process of program review. The Associate Provost for Student Success and Accreditation coordinates the scheduling of external reviewers, including travel reimbursements and stipends.

KEY DOCUMENTS: Units conducting APR submit the following documents (guidelines for each document are included in Section 5; a schematic organizer of the APR timeline is in Appendix B):

- 1. The Program Profile is an overview of the current status of a unit's academic program(s), including strengths and challenges. It provides the unit an opportunity to identify questions of concern or opportunity that might be part of its self-study. It also includes a review and reflection of program learning outcomes and prior assessment projects (DUE: Year 1, December 20).
- **2. The Response to Data** is the unit's analysis of University-provided data, with the goal of identifying possibly self-study questions. It provides an opportunity for the unit to revise learning outcomes and curriculum maps, as needed (*DUE: Year 1, late February*).
- **3. The Unit's Research Plan** outlines the questions the unit will answer in its self-study, including descriptions of data collection methods and any additional data that the unit will need to answer the questions. At least one self-study question should assess student work for one or more learning objectives (*DUE: Year 1, late April*).
- **4. The Unit's Research Report** presents the findings and analyses of the self-study questions. Based on the analyses, the unit identifies possible MOU items and areas in need of additional data collection. The Research Report must present the data collected as part of the self-study and a summary of data collection methods (*DUE: Year 2, December 15*).
- 5. The Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) identifies actions the unit will pursue subsequent to completing APR. These actions are identified as one-year or two- to five-year activities. It also includes common issues and opportunities that affect other units across the University and opportunities for collaboration with other units. It identifies resource priorities for the unit. And it provides a multiyear plan for conducting its annual assessment of student learning. The MOU is signed by the unit's Self-Study Team Chair, Department Chair or

Program Director, College Dean, APRC Director/Chair, the Associate Provost for Student Success and Accreditation and the Provost. Each signatory acknowledges the MOU activities as the unit's strategic plan and its resource needs as priorities for the next five years (*DUE: Year 2, early May*).

6. The Progress Reports are one- and five-year reports of a unit's progress implementing its MOU and achieving its resource needs, including the status of activities not yet started (*DUE*: End of Spring one and five years after APR is completed).

V. PROGRAM REVIEW DOCUMENT GUIDELINES

The following document guidelines are templates for systematically reviewing and reflecting on the components of a unit's academic program(s), including its co- and extra-curricular activities. The topic areas are provided to help the unit organize the documents. All documents are to be submitted electronically (MSWord) to the APRC Director/Chair on or prior to the due dates.

THE PROGRAM PROFILE (~20 pp single-spaced, not counting appendices; DUE Year 1, December 20). The Program Profile is an opportunity for the unit to summarize the current status of its academic program(s) and identify further questions of concern or opportunity, many of which may already be in discussion in the unit.

The APRC provides relevant catalog and website information about the unit's program(s). The unit may either insert the information as-is in response to different topic areas or revise it to reflect the most upto-date information. In the following subsections, information for topic areas identified by an asterisk (*) is provided by the APRC, when it is available on the website. The APRC will identify the information it cannot find. The unit should plan to update or add information to its website where necessary.

1) Mission and Prior Review

- a) Provide the unit's mission statement* and identify how it aligns with the college's and University's mission.
- b) Briefly summarize the findings, recommendations, and actions resulting from the last APR (APRC will provide previous MOUs).* Identify any unresolved areas of concern from the previous APR.

2) Curricular Offerings

- a) Provide a short narrative describing each degree program, major, certificate, and other formal programs currently offered (300 words or less for each). In the narrative, please include information about program structure, goals, and career possibilities (APRC will provide catalogue descriptions of all academic programs, including course descriptions, which should be included in an Appendix to the Profile).*
- b) Provide in an appendix representative syllabi, curricular descriptions, brochures (Fact Sheets), bulletins, or other descriptive material, if you wish.
- c) Describe any new curricular initiatives that are not reflected item 2a.
- d) If there are Centers or Institutions housed in the unit, describe how they support effective teaching and learning, faculty and student scholarship, and research and creative activities.
- e) Discuss steps the unit has taken to address academic quality and raise the level of academic

- challenge as called for in Vision 2018.¹
- f) Identify possible issues/questions, if any, related to this section that might be part of the APR self-study or MOU.

3) Student Learning²

- a) The APRC will provide the learning outcomes for each of the unit's degree-granting programs.* Identify any learning outcomes that are no longer current, or are not clear, concrete, or measurable. Any learning outcomes that are not current, clear, concrete, or measurable should be updated.
- b) Using the template provided in Appendix D (electronic copy available on APRC website), provide in an appendix to the Profile a curriculum map for the learning outcomes for each degree-granting program. Identify any learning outcomes that are assessed in multiple courses in a degree-granting program's coursework. Identify any learning outcomes that have not been assessed during the past seven years. Identify any learning outcomes that need to be reviewed or assessed differently (in terms of when and how they are assessed) within a program.
- c) Based on a review of past annual assessments and, if applicable, any assessment or assurance of learning materials provided for accreditation/external review, identify what the strengths and challenges for student learning are in your degree-granting programs.
- d) Using the template provided in Appendix C (electronic copy is available on APRC website), identify the learning outcomes that are priority for future assessment projects.
- e) Identify possible issues/questions, if any, related to this section that might be part of the APR self-study or MOU, including any learning outcomes that might need to be updated or any possible future assessment activities or program changes as a result of assessment activities.

4) Student Support

- a) Describe how students are advised in the unit, including how students who are academically under-prepared and/or historically underserved are supported and how advanced students or students in Honors Programs are supported.
- b) Describe the co-curricular and extracurricular activities that the unit provides to support and engage students.
- c) Describe the career planning support the unit offers to students, including how it collaborates with Career Services.
- d) Identify possible issues/questions, if any, related to this section that might be part of the APR self-study or MOU

5) Faculty and Staff Support

- a) Describe the scholarly/creative activities, specializations, etc., of the unit's faculty and staff (where appropriate) and the collective strengths and limitations in relation to the unit's purpose, academic goals, and learning outcomes.
- b) Describe how tenure-stream and contingent/part-time faculty are evaluated and supported in their efforts to provide continuous improvement to instruction.
- c) Describe the staff positions that support the work of the unit.
- d) Identify possible issues/questions, if any, related to this section that might be part of the APR self-study or MOU.

¹ Vision 2018 goals can be accessed at http://offices.depaul.edu/president/strategic-directions/vision-2018/Pages/default.aspx

² This section is informed by the Higher Learning Commission's Statement on Assessment of Student Learning, available at https://content.springcm.com/content/DownloadDocuments.ashx?Selection=Document%2C20177502%3B&accountId=5968.

6) University and Community Engagement

- a) Describe how the unit serves students in the Liberal Studies Program and in other University programs/majors.
- b) Describe how the unit interacts and collaborates with other units in the University. Describe the benefits and challenges of these interactions/collaborations and their effect on the unit's students.
- c) Describe how the unit engages the community, both locally and beyond, and contributes to community enrichment. Describe how these activities support student learning.
- d) Describe how the unit engages alumni, including any opportunities students have to interact with alumni.
- e) Identify possible issues/questions, if any, related to this section that might be part of the APR self-study or MOU.
- 7) Unit Specific Issues and/or Initiatives. Describe and discuss any unit-specific issues and/or initiatives not addressed in the preceding sections.

RESPONSE TO DATA (~ 10 pp single-spaced; DUE: Year 1, end of February). The Response to Data document is the unit's analysis of data provided by the University. It provides the unit with the opportunity to identify trends in data and to compare the unit with the college and University on issues related to enrollment, retention, graduation rates, course offerings, and student and alumni perceptions.

In early January of Year 1, the unit's self-study team shall meet with the APRC research analyst, representatives from IRMA, and the APR Director to review the University data. If there is additional data it would like to have, the unit should work with the APRC research analyst and IRMA to identify that data.

Regarding the data provided, where the response rates are insufficient to determine trends, the unit should note the low n's and respond as it sees fit, including having the option not to respond to the data. In those cases where the unit wants to learn more in relation to items with low n's, identify possible self-study questions it would like to answer.

1) Faculty and Staff Information

- a) Using data provided by the University, analyze and discuss:
 - i. The demographic profile of your faculty.
 - ii. Patterns of workload by full- and part-time faculty in the context of your college.
- b) Identify possible issues/questions, if any, related to this section that might be part of the APR self-study or MOU.

Student Information

- a) Using data provided by the University, analyze and discuss:
 - i. Patterns of enrollment in degrees/concentrations.
 - ii. The diversity of the undergraduate student profile.
 - iii. Degrees conferred, graduation rates (at College level only) and time to graduation patterns for your program(s).
 - iv. Course hours taught for majors (including second majors) and non-majors students in majors courses, service courses, and general education courses.
 - v. Market share, where data are available (patterns of interest by enrolling students)
- b) Identify possible issues/questions, if any, related to this section that might be part of the APR self-study or MOU.

2) Student Perceptions of the Quality of their Academic Program

- a) Using data provided from the University surveys—the National Survey of Student Engagement (NSSE), the Alumni Survey, the ACT Advising Survey, and the Graduating Senior Survey—analyze and discuss:
 - i. Student satisfaction with the quality and rigor of their academic program and their preparation for life after DePaul.
 - ii. Student satisfaction with advising.
 - iii. Student perceptions of acquired work-related knowledge and skills: communication (verbal and written), quantitative and analytical skills, etc.
 - iv. Student engagement in community service, internships, extra-curricular and cocurricular opportunities, research with faculty, etc.
 - v. Student perceptions about their exposure to DePaul's Vincentian mission.
 - vi. Student perceptions about their exposure to diversity.
 - vii. Student perceptions about the challenges they face to succeed in their academic programs and competing priorities.
 - viii. Alumni perceptions of their knowledge and abilities gained in their program at DePaul.
- b) Identify possible issues/questions, if any, related to this section that might be part of the APR self-study or MOU.

UNIT'S RESEARCH PLAN (3-4 pages, DUE: Year 1, April 20). Drawing on the issues/questions learned in the writing of the Profile and Response to Data, as well as on the APRC's and Dean's feedback, the Unit should identify three to five self-study questions. One self-study question must address some aspect of student learning outcomes, and include collecting and analyzing student work. The Unit should use the Research Plan template provided in Appendix D.

- 1) List the names of the members of the Self-Study Team.
- 2) Identify the questions or issues learned so far from your APR that will be addressed through the self-study. These questions can include investigating areas of concern remaining from the previous program review, as noted in the Profile.
 - Provide a short recap of why you chose these questions/issues of interest/concern and how answering these questions will help the Unit improve the quality of its academic program(s).
 - b) Identify data collection and analysis methods that will be used to address each question/issue. Be as specific as possible (For example, if a focus group will be used, who will be the audience, what will be the goal of the session, what are some questions that may be used, etc.? If surveys will be disseminated, identify possible survey questions). The APRC can provide example surveys and the APRC Research Analyst and IRMA can work with the Unit to develop data collection tools. Please note in your Plan if you need assistance.
 - c) Identify who is responsible for data collection and analysis and provide a time-line for the work.
- 3) For units undergoing external review:
 - a) In an appendix to the Research Plan, provide an annotated list in order of preference of 4-6 external reviewers, including contact information. The annotation should explain how each external reviewer will be able to 1) assess the intellectual currency of the academic program and the overall quality of faculty scholarship, as well as to 2) help the unit reflect on issues of importance to them. Consider external reviewers who have prior experiences with conducting academic reviews.

b) Faculty Curriculum Vitae. Please provide an electronic copy of a recent curriculum vita for each full-time faculty member in a separate appendix. These CVs will be shared with the external reviewers.

UNIT'S RESEARCH REPORT (15-20 pp., single-spaced plus appendices; DUE: Year 2, December 15)

The Research Report provides answers to the Research Plan questions based on an analysis of the data with the goal of supporting and identifying program improvement activities that will be in the MOU.

- 1) Executive Summary (2-3 pp.) Provide an abstract that highlights each of the sections below.
- 2) For each self-study question, provide an analysis of your data. Your analysis should include a description of methodology (how data was collected), a presentation of significant data, and your findings and conclusions. In the Report, provide enough data to support the inferences you draw. Include additional data, as necessary, in an appendix (Be selective and include in appendices only those data that expand on what has been said in the research report.).
- 3) For each self-study question, identify next steps, notably MOU items designed to improve your academic program(s) but also any areas of further study.
- 4) Within the context of the college and University, identify important challenges and opportunities for next five or ten years, including opportunities and challenges related to working with other units in the University. Also, identify how the unit will contribute to realizing the college's and the University's Strategic Plan.

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING AND LONG-TERM ASSESSMENT PLAN (MOU 3-5 pp, DUE: Year 2, May 10, signed by end of spring quarter)

The MOU identifies goals, actions, and priorities based on the findings and feedback of APR. The signed MOU is the unit's plan for the next year and beyond, and is a public document, accessible through Campus Connect. The long-term assessment plan identifies the unit's plan to assess student learning over the next seven years.

The MOU includes the following:

- 1) Provide a brief introduction that includes a review of and any acknowledgements relating to the unit's APR and self-study efforts;
- 2) Section 1: Identify common issues that affect and/or require collaboration with (1) other units under review in the current cycle and (2) other units in the University that, therefore, call for College and/or University-level coordination and support;
- 3) Section 2: Identify unit's one- and two-to-five-year activities to improve the quality of its academic program(s);
- 4) Section 3: Describe the unit's long-term assessment plan, including providing a timetable for assessing learning outcomes for each of its academic program(s) over the next seven years. The long-term assessment plan is provided to TLA so that it can support future assessment efforts. This document is for planning and guidance only and can be revised as necessary in the future.

- 5) Section 4: Identify resource priorities that will support the unit's proposed activities and initiatives. Resources are not tied to APR; however, the priorities identified in the MOU signal to the college and University those resources the unit believes are necessary to implement fully and successfully its academic program(s) improvement efforts. The signatories to the MOU recognize these resource requests as unit priorities.
- 6) Endorsing signatures: Chair of the Unit's Self-Study Team, Unit Department Chair/Program Director, APRC Director/Chair on behalf of the APRC, Dean of Unit's College/School, Associate Provost of Student Success and Accreditation, and Provost.

ONE-YEAR AND FIVE-YEAR PROGRESS REPORTS

One year and five years after the MOU signing, the APRC asks the unit to reflect on the status of its MOU items. The APRC will provide the unit with a template with space for reporting the status of each MOU item.

The one-year progress report gives the unit an opportunity to reevaluate its goals and revise its agenda for the future. The five-year progress gives the unit an opportunity to take stock of its successes, identify what remains as a challenge or concern, and consider how unmet goals will be addressed prior to the next APR.

GLOSSARY OF KEY TERMS

APPENDIX A: KEY PARTICIPANTS OF APR

[TO COME]

APPENDIX B: APR ACTIVITIES TIMELINE

	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun		
Advance prep									Meeting	Formation of self- study team		
	Phase I: pre	ry doo	cument	Phase II: planning the unit's self-study								
Year I	APR Orientation with self- study team Write Program Profile			Receive Univ. data (early Jan.); write Response to Data		Receive APRC feedback on Profile and Response to Data (late March); write unit Research Plan		Receive APRC feedback on unit Research Plan	Plan for self-study			
	Phase III: conducting the self-study				Phase IV: and feedba		Phase V: planning for the future					
Year II	Conduct self-study and write Research Report			External review (if necessary		Receive APRC feedback on Research Report and External Review	Meet with Dean and Provos or his/her representative to discuss MOU; write MOU; sign MOU					
Year III +	Year III + Phase VI: Implementation of MOU with 1- and 5-year Progress Reports											

PREPARATION (SPRING PRIOR TO YEAR I)

- APRC Director/Chair meets with unit chairs/program directors to kick-off APR cycle.
- Unit creates self-study team.

PHASE I: PRELIMINARY DOCUMENTS (YEAR I)

September to December

- APRC Director/Chair orients unit self-study team to the purpose, products and time-line of APR; additional data needs are identified.
- An APRC Subcommittee is created for each unit and contacts the unit's self-study team to offer its support.
- Program Profile is written: APRC subcommittee feedback provided (due December 20).

January

• APRC Research Associate and IRMA representatives orient Unit self-study team to program-level university data customized for the unit; additional data needs are identified, when necessary.

January to February

• Response to Data document is written; APRC subcommittee feedback provided (due end of February).

PHASE II: PLANNING THE UNIT'S SELF STUDY (YEAR I)

March to May

- APRC feedback to Profile and Response to Data provided to the unit.
- Program Profile, Response to Data, and APRC feedback sent to Dean and Provost.
- Unit's Research Plan is written, with APRC subcommittee feedback (due late April).
- Units undergoing external review also provide
 - o Faculty CVs in electronic format (MSWord or PDF).
 - o List of 4-5 names of external reviewers.
- APRC Director/Chair solicits feedback on the research plan from the unit's dean, including requesting the identification of any issues the dean wishes that the unit explore.
- APRC feedback to the Research Plan provided to the unit; APRC research associate and IRMA address data needs and support in preparation for unit self-study (through summer).

PHASE III: CONDUCTING THE SELF-STUDY (YEAR II)

September to December

- The Self-Study Team conducts self-study according to its plan as approved/amended, with APRC subcommittee feedback. The APRC subcommittees should identify areas of the study and/or report (if any) that: (a) are in need of clarification; (b) seem to be at variance with the unit's approved Research Plan, including the Self-Study Guidelines; (c) make claims without sufficient supporting data; and/or (d) have been addressed but with no suggestion of possible initiatives, if needed.
- Associate Provost for Student Success and Accreditation contacts potential external reviewers, orients them to the review process, schedules visits in consultation with the unit; external reviewers receive unit's Program Profile, Response to Data, faculty CVs, and any additional requested information.
- Research Report is written; APRC subcommittee feedback provided (due December 15). If the unit undergoes a regular professional/discipline specific accreditation visit, it will submit a copy of the latest report from the accreditation team.
- Associate Provost for Student Success and Accreditation sends the Research Report to the external reviewers.

PHASE IV: EXTERNAL REVIEW AND FEEDBACK (YEAR II)

January

• External Review conducted for those units undergoing external review. External reviewer report is due March 1 and disseminated to the unit self-study team, unit leadership, Dean, Provost, and APRC.

March to April

- APRC Director/Chair solicits feedback on the unit's Research Report and External Reviewer's Report from the Provost and the Dean.
- APRC feedback to the Research Report and External Reviewers Report provided to the unit
- APRC Director/Chair coordinates a meeting between the unit self-study team, unit leadership, Dean, and the Provost or Provost representative to plan for the writing of the MOU.

PHASE V. PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE: DEVELOPING THE MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING (YEAR II)

May

- Unit's MOU is written; APR Director/Chair, Associate Provost for Student Success and Accreditation, Dean, and Provost feedback provided.
- MOU is signed.

PHASE VI: IMPLEMENTATION OF THE MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING AND 1- TO 5-YEAR PROGRESS REPORTS

• Unit implements MOU and provides a one-year and five-year Progress Reports on the progress of the initiatives identified in their MOU.

APPENDIX C: PROGRAM LEARNING OUTCOMES AND SUMMARY OF PAST OUTCOME ASSESSMENTS TEMPLATE

[TO COME]

APPENDIX D: RESEARCH PLAN TEMPLATE

[TO COME]